

True/False <i>All European countries are members of the European Union.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The stars on the EU flag symbolize the number of member states.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>EU citizens may travel freely among all EU countries without the need for a visa.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The European Union recognizes a single official language.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>Democracy represents one of the fundamental values of the European Union.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	
True/False <i>The EU flag features eleven stars.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The euro is utilized as the official currency across all EU member states.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The European Union promotes collaboration in education, culture, and youth initiatives.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The European Union does not place a high priority on environmental protection.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	True/False <i>The European Union only addresses the economic and welfare concerns of European nations.</i> • <i>True</i> • <i>False</i>	

True/False

Solidarity among nations is a fundamental principle of the EU.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

Young individuals can benefit from programs funded by the EU.

- **True**
- **False**

2 options

Is the European Union a union of states or a singular state?

- **Union of states**
- **A single state**

True/False

Citizens of the EU are allowed to vote in the national elections of other member states.

- **True**
- **False**

2 options

Does the EU advocate for freedom or censorship?

- **Freedom**
- **Censorship**

True/False

EU citizens possess equal rights irrespective of gender, religion, or origin.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The European Union advocates for the active engagement of youth in society.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The European Union functions without established regulations.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The European Union promotes collaboration among generations.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

EU legislation aims to protect the citizens of the member states.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The EU has the authority to implement regulations that are applicable across all member states.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

Respect for human rights is imperative for all EU member states.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The principle of freedom of movement pertains to both individuals and goods.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

All decisions within the European Union are made by a singular European institution.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The EU does not play a role in consumer protection.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

All EU member states implement the same policies across all domains.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The European Union advocates for the active engagement of youth in society.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

The European Union restricts the sovereignty of its member states across all domains.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

EU values are not mandatory for member states.

- **True**
- **False**

True/False

All EU Member States have ratified the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR).

- **True**
- **False**

Single-choice question <i>Which of the following is NOT a core value of the EU?</i> A) Human dignity B) Rule of law C) Compliance with authority	Single-choice question <i>In which year was the European Union established?</i> A) 1918 B) 1991 C) 1993	Single-choice question <i>What role does the European Union play in the realm of human rights?</i> A) Consultation only B) Safeguarding and advancement C) Lacking any competence	Single-choice question <i>What builds trust?</i> A) Transparency B) Contest C) Control	Single-choice question <i>Which EU principle mandates mutual support among member states?</i> A) Contest B) Unity C) Impartiality
Single-choice question <i>What form of democracy does the EU advocate?</i> A) Autocratic B) Engaging and representative C) Technocrat	Single-choice question <i>What is the role of the EU in environmental matters?</i> A) Implementing standardised policies for environmental protection. B) Leaving responsibility solely to states C) Prohibiting environmental initiatives	Single-choice question <i>What are the implications of EU citizenship?</i> A) Replacing national citizenship B) Finalising the national citizenship C) It is just symbolic	Single-choice question <i>What initiatives does the EU advocate in the realm of equality?</i> A) Equal opportunities B) Social homogeneity C) Social stratification	Single-choice question <i>What is the meaning of the principle of non-discrimination?</i> A) Justifying different treatment B) Equal treatment irrespective of personal criteria C) Preference for specific social groups

Single-choice question <i>Which of the following is NOT an institution of the European Union?</i> A) European Commission B) European Court of Human Rights C) European Parliament	Single-choice question <i>What is the <i>acquis communautaire</i>?</i> A) European Union budget B) All European Union legislation and obligations C) The European Union voting system	Single-choice question <i>Which treaty established EU citizenship?</i> Treaty of Rome B) The Maastricht Agreement C) The Lisbon Treaty	Single-choice question <i>What is the role of the Council of the European Union?</i> A) Representing the governments of the member nations B) Representing the populace C) Regulating the judiciary	Single-choice question <i>Which institution oversees the monetary policy of the euro area?</i> A) European Commission B) European Central Bank C) European Parliament
Single-choice question <i>What is the primary function of the European Parliament?</i> A) Implementation of legislation B) Establishing the euro exchange rate C) Adoption and modification of EU legislation	Single-choice question <i>What is the significance of the EU's "single market"?</i> A) A unified European currency B) Unrestricted movement of goods, individuals, services, and capital C) Abolition of national taxes for EU member states	Single-choice question <i>What is the duration of the term for Members of the European Parliament (MEPs)?</i> A) Four years B) Five years C) Six years	Single-choice question <i>Which institution, in conjunction with the EU Council, approves the EU budget?</i> A) European Commission B) European Parliament C) Court of Auditors	Single-choice question <i>What is the function of the European Court of Auditors?</i> A) Formulating fiscal policies B) Imposing sanctions on states C) Regulating the utilization of EU funds

Single-choice question <i>What constitutes the Schengen Area?</i> A) Eurozone B) Region without internal border controls C) European Union foreign policy	Single-choice question <i>What are the consequences if a Member State significantly violates EU values?</i> A) There are no repercussions. B) May be penalized in accordance with treaties C) It is excluded automatically.	Single-choice question <i>What is the definition of an absolute majority in the European Parliament?</i> A) Fifty percent of the votes from the member states B) Over fifty percent of the votes from all MEPs C) Consensus vote	Single-choice question <i>Which institution represents the European Union externally in specific domains?</i> A) European Parliament B) European Union High Representative C) Court of Justice of the European Union	Single-choice question <i>Which EU institution possesses the authority to initiate infringement proceedings against a Member State?</i> A) European Parliament B) European Commission C) Council of Europe
Single-choice question <i>What is the role of the President of the European Commission?</i> A) Represents the member nations B) Directs the European Parliament C) Oversees the activities of the Commission	Single-choice question <i>What is the primary objective of the EU budget?</i> A) Endorsing EU policies and initiatives B) Funding national administrations C) Compensating the salaries of national civil servants	Single-choice question <i>What is the meaning of "representative democracy" within the context of the EU?</i> A) Citizens select their representatives. B) Citizens directly determine all legislation C) Only governments make significant decisions	Single-choice question <i>What are the consequences if a Member State fails to comply with a ruling issued by the Court of Justice of the European Union (CJEU)?</i> A) It is placed on the EU "blacklist." B) May incur financial penalties C) It is automatically excluded from the European Union.	Single-choice question <i>Which EU institution comprises judges, one from each member state?</i> A) Audit Court B) Court of Justice of the European Union C) European Union General Court

EU Country Card

Which city is regarded as the principal seat of the EU institutions?

- A) Brussels**
- B) Strasbourg
- C) The Hague

EU Country Card

In which year did Bulgaria become a member of the EU?

- A) 2004
- B) 2007**
- C) 2013

EU Country Card

What is the capital city of Estonia?

- A) Riga
- B) Vilnius
- C) Tallinn**

EU Country Card

What is the capital city of Slovakia?

- A) Skopje
- B) Bratislava**
- C) Ljubljana

EU Country Card

Belgium recognizes the following official languages:

- A) French, English, German
- B) Dutch, French, German
- C) French, German, Dutch**

EU Country Card

Germany is a:

- A) Federal state**
- B) Centralized state
- C) Kingdom

EU Country Card

Portugal became a member of the EU in the same year as:

- A) Denmark
- B) Spain**
- C) Ireland

EU Country Card

Poland became a member of the European Union in:

- A) 2004**
- B) 2007
- C) 2013

EU Country Card

Do Sweden and Denmark utilize the euro?

- A) Yes
- B) No**

EU Country Card

In which year did Norway become a member of the EU?

- A) 2001
- B) 1996
- C) Norway is not a member state of the European Union.**

EU Country Card

Estonia is renowned for:

A) Sophisticated digitalisation

B) Agronomy

C) Demographic density

EU Country Card

Which EU country has access to both the North Sea and the Baltic Sea?

A) Germany

B) Poland

C) Denmark

EU Country Card

Which country is recognized for its military neutrality within the EU?

A) Austria

B) Poland

C) Romania

EU Country Card

What is the capital city of Slovakia?

A) Skopje

B) Bratislava

C) Ljubljana

EU Country Card

Which country is NOT a member of the eurozone?

A) Poland

B) Slovakia

C) Slovenia

EU Country Card

The Court of Justice of the European Union is situated in:

A) Belgium

B) France

C) Luxembourg

EU Country Card

Which EU country shares borders with the most other EU countries?

A) Germany

B) France

C) Italy

EU Country Card

Which country quit the EU in 2020?

A) United Kingdom

B) Norway

C) Switzerland

EU Country Card

Which country adopted the euro in 2026?

A) Croatia

B) Bulgaria

C) Estonia

EU Country Card

In which year did Norway become a member of the EU?

A) 2001

B) 1996

C) Norway is not a member state of the European Union.

EU Country Card <i>Why is France regarded as one of the pivotal nations in the establishment of the EU?</i> Answer: It is a founding member and promoted European collaboration following World War II.	EU Country Card <i>What is Germany's role in the European Union economy?</i> Answer: It represents the largest economy within the EU and serves as a significant contributor to the European budget.	EU Country Card <i>Identify two advantages of Romania's membership in the EU.</i> Access to European funds, along with the freedom to work and study within the EU and beyond.	EU Country Card <i>Why is Belgium referred to as the "political heart of the EU"?</i> Answer: Because Brussels is the headquarters of the main European institutions.	EU Country Card <i>What is Finland renowned for in Europe?</i> Answer: One of the most effective educational systems in Europe.	
EU Country Card <i>What are the six founding states of the European Union?</i> Answer: Belgium, Luxembourg, Italy, Germany, France, Netherlands <i>For the correct response to this question, one additional point is granted.</i>	EU Country Card <i>What role does Denmark assume in the EU's green transition?</i> Answer: It is a frontrunner in wind energy and climate policy.	EU Country Card <i>What prompted the establishment of the European Union following World War II?</i> Answer: To avert conflicts and promote peace through collaboration among states.	EU Country Card <i>What was the initial manifestation of European collaboration that established the foundation of the EU?</i> Answer: The European Coal and Steel Community.	EU Country Card <i>What significant change did the Maastricht Treaty introduce?</i> It established the European Union and introduced EU citizenship.	